

Use

777 Miracle Finishes

to make that old car look like new

Several Colors to Choose From

including: Black, Steel-grey, Grey, Ivory, Wine, and Brilliant Green.

Blacksmith Coal

We have a good supply of the very highest grade Blacksmith Coal on hand.

J. L. ACHESON—FOR—
EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE

Before you make that

HOLIDAY TRIP

It will pay you to have your car tuned up. Save trouble on the road. Any train you car in A.I. shape before your start.

We can supply you with the necessary kit of tools, Folding Grip Racks, Spare tire and tube, Trouble Light, Can motor oil, Spark Plugs, Fan Belt, Spotlight.

JOHNSON'S GARAGE

Phone 14 "Your patronage Appreciated" Main Street

Buy Advertised Goods

Oyen Theatre

FRIDAY-SATURDAY, JULY 9 and 10

"OTHER WOMEN'S HUSBANDS"with MONTIE BLUE, MARIE PROVOST and a strong supporting cast including Huntly Gordon, Phyllis Haver, Marjorie Guy and John Patrick
Added: FOX NEWS

MONDAY-TUESDAY, JULY 5 and 6

"THE BLIND GODDESS"

with an all star cast including JACK HOLT, ERNEST TORRENCE, ESTHER BASTON, LOUISE DRESSER and WARD CHANE

Added: FOX VARIETY, "SWEEDEN TO-DAY"

Shows start at 8.30 p.m. Regular prices.

Oyen School Report

The statements below cover the work and attendance of pupils in the Oyen school from September, 1925, to June, 1926.

Enrolment and Attendance by Classrooms

Primary room (Mrs. Robinson) 32; average 42. Grade I, 12; Grade II, 19; Junior III, 21. Miss Peterson's room, 45; average 34. Grade III, 17; Grade IV, 15; Grade V, 12. Miss Colwell's room, 33; average 27. Grade VI, 18; Grade VII, 9; Grade VIII, 7. High School room, 25; average 22. Grade IX, 4; Grade X, 11; Grade XI, 10.

Total enrolment, 155.

Average attendance, 125.

The table below shows number of pupils who attended school during year, and comparative regularity of attendance.

No. present fewer than 20 days	2
" " between 20 and 39 "	9
" " 40 and 59 "	9
" " 60 and 79 "	10
" " 80 and 99 "	3
" " 100 and 119 "	6
" " 120 and 139 "	6
" " 140 and 159 "	7
" " 160 and 179 "	25
" " 180 and 200 "	81

Promotions

Promotions have been based on general class work, term tests and final examinations held during June. Pass mark is 65%; 60% or 80% or over. Pupils failing to measure up to the standard in one or two subjects have been promoted conditionally. A final trial will be given these pupils when school re-opens.

Grade Grade I, to Grade II (Junior): Hilda Holloway, Jacqueline Kelly, Ruby Gilbertson, Peter Peterson, Beatrice Candler, Forsyth Pratt, George Gibson.

The section said it is completed. The outstanding features of a year's work are: Chisholm, Bernard McDonald and Harold Austin, equal; Alex Koronichenko, Ruth Kennedy.

Senior II, to Junior III—Lawrence Ouzut, Howard Church, Leota Candler, Neil McDougall, Russell Candler, Ernest Trewin, Jack Kornichenko, Gladys Gibson.

Junior III, to Senior III (i.e. from Mrs. Robinson's room to Miss Peterson's)—Phyllis Lowe and Elsie Gilbertson, equal; Helen Love, Evelyn White and Christine Kerr, equal; Violet Love, Lorna Corcoran, Earl McDonald, Jean Lees, Mabel Ostrander, Minnie Thygesen, June Hess, James Barbour, Willie Erskine.

The following pupils of the primary room have completed the work of a grade and a half during one year. They are therefore classed as honor pupils—Helen Love, Elsie Gilbertson, Phyllis Lowe, Evelyn White, Christine Kerr, Lorna Corcoran, Jean Lees, Mabel Ostrander, James Barbour, Howard Church, Willie Erskine.

Grade III, to Grade IV—Marjorie Holloway (honors), 82; Jack Snyder, 78; Paul Kornichenko, 74; Stanley Nunn, 73; James Lees, 69; Vera Johnston, 68; Geo. Whitlock, 67; John Pokoioy, conditioned in English, 58; Lawrence White, conditional, 55.

Grade IV, to Grade V—Victor Thygesen (honors), 80; Hannah Erping, 79; Lucille Charbonneau, 76; Isabel Lannon, 76; Thomas Lowe, 74; Jennie Love, 71; Fred Blatch, 71; June Walker, 70; Dorothy Brown, 67; Helen Ouzut, 66; Beth Whitlock, conditioned in arithmetic, 63; Howard Baham, 61; Jean Whitlock, 49.

Grade V, to Grade VI—Nettie La Gilbertson (honors), 83; Luc Kornichenko (honors), 83; Andrew Lees (honors), 83; Eugene Wilkinson, 76; Robert Erskine, 74; Geoffrey Holloway, 70; Thos. Cleugh, 67; Jean McDougall, conditioned in arithmetic, 55; Kenneth Richardson, conditioned, 50; 72; Alberta Wenger, 68; Margaret Naismith, 67; Andrew Ostrander, 65.

When school re-opens, parents and guardians are asked to see that children return on time. Time lost at the beginning of a term is seldom made up.

Flash!

Oyen baseball team won at Marengo to-day, defeating Alsask 5-0, Lovern 8-6 and Kindersley 7-0 in final game. Jimmy Ray, who pitched in the first game, lashed out a home run with two on. Ivan Cook duplicated this performance in the final game.

NOTICE

In reply to many inquiries as to whether Clinton Efrid is an agent of the Fuego Oil Co., authorized to sell stock, we would say—Never at any time has Mr. Efrid been authorized to sell stock for the Fuego Oil Co. The company will not hold itself under obligation to honor the oil shares sold by certain parties who received their allotment under special arrangements. See the Fuego Oil Co. first before buying stock from any.

Daniel Macgregor, Manager
Fuego Oil Co. Ltd.

Starting about 10 p.m. on Dominion Day and continuing steadily until about 10.30 the following morning, rain fell throughout the district. This rainfall was followed by a heavy shower on Friday night. At Oyen the first rain amounted to 1.10 inches, while the second rain produced .40 inches. Since these rains the crops have made wonderful growth.

The United Church choir held service at the Fuego oil well Wednesday afterwards returning to town on a special car pulled by a locomotive. The function was thoroughly enjoyed by the young people and nothing but the highest praise was heard in connection with the "sumptuous cuts".

The ball team goes to Sedalia next Wednesday.

Bob Nisbet, who has been visiting in Calgary, returned to Oyen this morning. His many friends will be glad to learn that he has recovered from his recent blood poisoning.

Mrs. W. T. A. Walker, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Smith of Chinook, returned to Oyen last night.

At a depth of 2800 feet, one of the bits was lost in the hole at the Fuego well. The drillers expect to overcome this difficulty shortly.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Funnell and family left last Sunday for Calgary where they will spend a vacation.

Mr. Thomas Thompson, Elmer MacArthur and John Love, left last Sunday by auto for Calgary to spend a few days at the stampede.

Miss Harriet Peterson left last Thursday to visit friends in Calgary.

Grade VII, to Grade VIII—Beatrice Barlow (honors), 85; Jessie Erskine (honors), 83; Rita Hatch (honors), 80; Robert Lees, 78; Alberta Wenger, 68; Margaret Naismith, 67; Andrew Ostrander, 65.

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W. L. IRVINE,
Principal.**Summer Fair Special**

The Robin Hood Mills, Ltd., offers through S. A. Miller, their Oyen distributor for the best loaf of bread baked by non-professional, with Robin Hood flour: First Prize, one 18 lb. sack Robin Hood flour; Second Prize, one 40 lb. sack Robin Hood flour. Dealers' sales slip showing purchase of at least one 49 lb. sack of Robin Hood flour, within three weeks of date of contest, to be attached to exhibit.

Ladies, this is a good Special. Make an entry in this competition. Win a Prize, and help the Oyen Fair.

Preserving fruit season is now on. Phone us for prices.

Store closed each Wednesday afternoon during June and July, except Wednesday, June 30.

S. A. MILLER

We are now in a position to supply the new improved

Rotary Rod Weeder

made in 12 foot size with 2 6ft. 8 inch rods which take care of the unevenness of the ground. This weeder has four wheels. The depth is controlled by levers, and the gears which are enclosed and run in oil are dust proof.

See this Weeder before you Buy

CHARLES P. SNYDER
I.H.C. MACHINERY AND FORD DEALER**Specials for Saturday**

Globe Brand Pears, per tin	20c
(Saturday only)	
Golden Brand Pears, per tin	20c
(Saturday only)	
Sunkist Oranges, 3 doz for	\$1.00
(Saturday only)	

For Your Preserves

Gem jars and Perfect Seal jars, in pint, quart and half-gallon sizes.

Best Quality Groceries

Store closes at 1 p.m. Wednesdays, during June and July. (Wed. June 30, excepted).

J. J. Purcell
General Merchant

Tiffany Bread Wraps Create a Sensation

There's quite a stir in the baking industry over the new Tiffany Bread Wrap.

The secret of it is the fancy lace pattern in the wax paper that bespeaks higher quality—and the fact that the lace design hides folds or creases in the wax, keeping the loaf fresh looking.

The beauty of this wrapper makes an instant appeal to the housewife.

Each wrapper is an effective selling force wherever the bread is displayed.

Write for samples and prices to-day.

Appleford

COUNTER CHECK BOOK

WESTERN ASSOCIATED PAPER CO.

320 West Paper Co. 320 West Paper Co. 320 West Paper Co. 320 West Paper Co. 320 West Paper Co.

Holiday in Canada

Taking a holiday is "good business," provided the holiday is spent in a sane, sensible manner and does not cost too much. A holiday is likewise a form of Good Health Insurance. Money spent in a vacation in the open will prove a good investment and return handsome dividends in renewed vigor, increased energy to put into one's life work, and re-awakened enthusiasm and interest in all its manifold activities.

To the full extent possible people should spend the summer months in the open. Fresh air and sunshine are the best doctors in the world. They are doctors of preventive medicine and make no charge for their services which are free to all rich and poor alike. In the summer holidays, to be most beneficial, should not be spent in visiting crowded cities, but in the woods, beside lakes, rivers and the sea, among the mountains—in a word, remote to Nature's beauty.

And no country in the world surpasses Canada as the ideal land for a summer vacation. People who can afford to do so, may risk to tropical countries during severe winter weather, or enjoy winter sports such as are provided in Switzerland and Eastern Canada, but for a most enjoyable and healthful invigorating summer holiday, no country surpasses and few can equal our own Dominion.

In the variety and beauty of its offerings, Nature was most prodigal in its treatment of Canada. Nor did she confine her gifts to any one Province or section of the Dominion, but with lavish hand distributed bounties on all.

There is something to appeal to every taste and inclination of the human race. Furthermore, Canada is the only country where a vacation is enjoyed at less expense than in Canada. For a real holiday a person needs a complete change of scene and an entirely different environment to that in which ten or eleven working months are spent. In many of the older and thickly populated lands this is difficult to obtain without travelling long distances and at a cost beyond the means of the average person. But in Canada such a change is possible in a few hours journey with its great wealth of rivers, lakes, mountains, woods and seashores.

Canada still remains a land of romance, a sportsman's paradise, with abundant natural beauty to inspire the poet, the artist, the lover of the wild. And these things are available to Canadians within the bounds of their respective Provinces.

But the devotee on the prairies of the West can at small expense obtain the greatest of all changes in his environment by spending his or her holiday in the Rockies, or journey a little farther and bank among the beauties of Nature along the Pacific coast, or proceed eastward to the Great Lakes. People of the East and Quebec might well with advantage visit themselves, and in real service to a more united and understood Canada, take a holiday among the people of the other Provinces, while the holidaying citizens of these two Provinces and the Maritimes could with pleasure and profit interchange visits.

If Canada lacked in providing scenes of Nature's beauty, or if these spots were few and far between and therefore difficult and expensive of access, there would be some excuse for Canadians not taking a holiday. But being so near their great Dominion, but, as already noted, this country takes second place to none as a place in which to enjoy Nature at its best, and in which to recuperate in mind and body, forges its business worries and responsibilities, and restore worn out and jangled nerves.

Canadians, of course, must not be narrow, provincial people. They should know the world, and to know other countries and peoples it is necessary to travel. But half the world's travel is found in first having the fullest possible knowledge of one's own country. "See Canada First," is therefore, not only a telling slogan but good advice to all Canadians.

And while not disparaging the beauties and exhilaration of Canada's winter, it is none the less true that the summer vacation months offer the best time in which to visit all parts of the Dominion and learn of its beauties, its resources, its grandeur, its transcendent possibilities.

Purchases Exceed Sales

Russia Buys More From Great Britain Than She Sells

The council of the Russo-British Chamber of Commerce has published figures tending to show a steady increase in trade between Great Britain and Russia.

The growth is given as from £15,600,000 in 1922 to £28,000,000 in 1928. The report says Russian purchases from Great Britain slightly exceeded Russian sales in the British market. The latter consists almost entirely of foodstuffs, and raw materials. The Russian purchases are largely machinery, tools, textiles and other manufactured goods.

The council points out that the entire business has been conducted on a credit basis and says it is not aware of any case in which the Russian organizations have failed to carry out their obligations.

Statistics enable a man to prove anything except the truth of the figures.

Bee Stings.

Mingre's cases the pain and redness the swelling caused by stings and insect bites. Keep it handy.



W. N. U. 1636

Better Gasoline Promised

May Mean Increased Efficiency and Economy in Automobile Operation

Increased efficiency and economy in automobile operation are forecast by government experts as the result of recent motor fuel studies by T. S. Slick, of the U. S. Bureau of standards. The simplicity of the Slick test is claimed to make it possible for refinery supervisors, by an easy graduation of oils under refinement, to produce without elaborate manipulation and increased expense, a "standard" gasoline meeting the specifications and giving the public more efficient, uniform, dependable gas without increase in price.

Recuperative Powers Of Fish

Frozen Solid By Liquid Air Will Revive in Water

An audience in New York was treated to the other night to an exhibition of the recuperative power of fish under injury by extreme cold. Professor Retzius, of City College, transferred from a bowl of water into a jar of liquid air, two goldfish. Upon removing them frozen, one was shattered into brief fragments by a hammer. The other, returned to the water, soon swam about naturally.

Poland Not Leaving League

Report in Geneva that Poland was considering withdrawing from the League of Nations unless her demand for a permanent seat in the League Council is satisfied, were denied by August Zaleski, foreign minister.

Some men are willing to pay cash for everything except their debts.

Hindu Worship Midnight Sun

Pilgrimage Will Be Made To Norway Every Year

In the pale mystic rays of the midnight sun at North Cape, Norway, which just went into the Arctic Ocean as the northernmost point of Europe, a small party of high-caste orthodox Hindus, recently worshipped their deity through the symbol of the ever-shining sun which, to the Hindu belief, represents the physical glory of their deity, the spiritual sun.

The party of worshippers consisted of Rati Gopaldas, son of the Hon. Rati Ramdas Das of Lahore, British India, and Pandit Nagadasi Chatterji, a high caste Brahmin, former director of Oriental research at Kashmir and once head of the ecclesiastical administration of the Gakwar of Baroda.

It is the intention of the Hindus to arrange for a similar pilgrimage to North Cape each year.

Pain in the Back

Yields To Nervine

If you have failed to secure relief from other remedies, rub on lotions and ointments, or take pills, most penetrating pain reliever on the market, Nervine is absolutely on small pains and is the surest to drive blood giving. Nervine breaks down the grip of Nervine rubs in, because it has the ability to sink deeply that it drives away pain that ordinary remedies cannot touch. Large 35c bottles at all druggists.

Are Commercially Valuable

A company with a capital of nearly a quarter of a million dollars has been formed for the purpose of catching sharks and exploiting them commercially. The sharks yield hide for boots and shoes, oil, meat, fertilizer, animal droppings, edible fins for the Chinese market, glue, including shark's, and other valuable substances, eye and polishing materials.

WEAK AND NERVOUS

A Condition Due to Watery Blood - Easily Corrected

Through the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

This, pale girls lack the power, resistance to disease that rich, red blood gives. Nervine is absolutely on small pains and is the surest to drive blood giving. Nervine breaks down the grip of Nervine rubs in, because it has the ability to sink deeply that it drives away pain that ordinary remedies cannot touch. Large 35c bottles at all druggists.

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W. N. U. 1636

Find Magnificent Temple in East

Discovery in Indo-China Made By French School of Excavation

A magnificent temple, dating back to the early fourteenth century, has been discovered by the French School of Excavation, in the Far East, now working in Indo-China. The temple is described as the finest example of the art of that period yet seen, and the inscriptions upon it show considerable light upon history.

Experts of the school have just reported to the institute in France that the temple is near Angkor Thom, and that other buildings of the same age probably will be uncovered in the forest of the present excavations. These forests will be explored this year.

Another remarkable discovery was reported to the institute from the province of Tonkin, Indo-China, where several Chinese tombs were unearthed, but not a single bone found. Precious objects in bronze and other metal were discovered.

Comparison By Total Tonnage

Only Way to Judge Naval Armaments Says France

France has proposed to the disarmament experts meeting at Geneva that the only way of comparing the naval armaments of the various countries is by total naval tonnage.

It drives away the question of the effect of adoption of the French thesis would have on the Washington naval agreement.

The significance of the French initiative is that both countries seek liberty to strengthen their submarine and cruiser forces which they deem more important to their national defence than battleships. Both United States and British delegates are hoping that the global disarmament conception will not interfere with the Washington accord. They believe that the ratios of capital ships established at Washington could remain the nucleus of such a tonnage programme.

Woman Will Attempt

Flight Across Pole

French Actress Announces Intention To Try Trip This Summer

French actress have been talking of the North Pole, and now the curiosity and itch for publicity has inspired a few of the other sex to dare the cold of frozen lands. Miss Ida Rubenstein, a French actress, has actually made new, rich red blood which imparts new vigor and life to the system.

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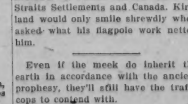
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W. N. U. 1636



Fly-Flit-Flop!

FLIES breed in filth, feed on filth and bring filth into your home.

Flit spray clears your home in a few minutes of disease-bearing flies and mosquitoes. It is clean, safe and easy to use.

Kills All Household Insects

Flit spray also destroys bed bugs, roaches and ants. It searches out the cracks and crevices where they hide and breed, and destroys insects and their eggs. Spray Flit on your garments. Flit kills moths and their larvae which eat holes. Extensive tests showed that Flit spray did not stain the most delicate fabrics.

Flit is the result of exhaustive research by expert entomologists and chemists. It is harmless to mankind. Flit has replaced the old methods because it kills all the insects—and does it quickly. Get a Flit can and spray today.

STANDARD OIL CO. (NEW JERSEY)

Distributed in Canada by Fred J. Whitlow & Co., Toronto.



Was Decorated For Gallantry

A Story of the War With An Amazing Element

In the debate the British Commonwealth on the abolition of the death penalty for army deserters in war time, Mr. R. Morrison told the following experience of a friend of his during the Great War:

"While on outpost duty this friend was the sergeant in command of a party of four men who were cut off without food or ammunition. They eventually decided to try to find their way into the German lines."

"On the way they came face to face with a German N.C.O. and six of them—his subject of case—professions, as Canada was already supplying her own needs so far as educated workers were concerned."

"Dust Causes Asthma. Even a little too much dust to see will lead to asthma which no words can describe. The walls of the breathing tubes contract and it seems as if the very most gas. From this condition Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy brings the patient to normal breathing."

"The fact that he murdered his wife is partly a proof of that, but the fact that he married again is conclusive."

"My client is not mentally normal. The fact that he murdered his wife is partly a proof of that, but the fact that he married again is conclusive."

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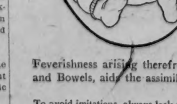
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Women's Empire Settlement

Canada's Supply of Educated Lady Workers Is Sufficient

The British Commonwealth Union, after a discussion of the position of women's empire settlement, have adopted a resolution calling on the Dominion Government to employ an adequate number of women in skilled and voluntary positions in all schemes of migration.

J. Bruce Walker, director of European Immigration for the Canadian Government, stated that while the fact was not admitted, and for women did not admit."

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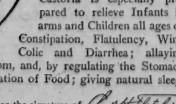
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Judgment Creditor (at the Bow County Court): The defendant has a dying business.

Defendant: A dying business? I did have, but it is dead.

Netted Small Fortune

Man Repaired Flag Poles in South Africa President's Visit of Prince

Hubert Kirkland, a South African, found his profession of steepjack at a discount when the Prince of Wales decided to visit South Africa in 1924.

Kirkland seized the idea of touring the provinces according to the Prince's itinerary, repairing flagpoles, adjusting pulleys, threading new ropes and mending bunting. He kept a good three months ahead of the Prince, reaching to Durban with a small fortune and determined to make history.

He has now arrived in London from America after holidaying profitably and leisurely in Australia and New Zealand, the Pacific Islands, India, the Straits Settlements and Canada. Kirkland would only smile shrewdly when asked what his flagpole work netted him.

Even if the meek do inherit the earth in accordance with the ancient prophecy, they'll still have the traffic cops to contend with.

Mindard's Liniment for Sore Feet

Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving natural sleep.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Dr. J. D. Kellogg*.

Absolutely Harmless—No Opium. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

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Kirkland seized the idea of touring the provinces according to the Prince's itinerary, repairing flagpoles, adjusting pulleys, threading new ropes and mending bunting. He kept a good three months ahead of the Prince, reaching to Durban with a small fortune and determined to make history.

He has now arrived in London from America after holidaying profitably and leisurely in Australia and New Zealand, the Pacific Islands, India, the Straits Settlements and Canada. Kirkland would only smile shrewdly when asked what his flagpole work netted him.

Even if the meek do inherit the earth in accordance with the ancient prophecy, they'll still have the traffic cops to contend with.

Mindard's Liniment for Sore Feet

Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving natural sleep.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Dr. J. D. Kellogg*.

Absolutely Harmless—No Opium. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

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GOVERNMENT IS DEFEATED BY ONE VOTE ON MOTION

Ottawa.—After only three days of office, the Meighen Government was defeated in the house by one vote, on a formal motion challenging the right of the acting minister of the Meighen Government to sit in the house, moved by Hon. J. A. Robb.

Progressives who had voted with the Meighen Government in previous divisions sent it to defeat. Attendance in the house was comparatively slim, the government being in the negative.

There were 17 Progressives in the house for the Liberals. Fourteen voted with the Liberals and three with the government.

The 14 who voted with the Liberals were: Miss MacPhail, Evans, Coote, Brown, Garland (Hon. Mr. King), North (Huron), Jeffery, Meares, Bird, Spencer, Gardiner, Beaudin, Stedman, Millar, Fiske.

The three Progressives who voted with the government were: Messrs. Lucas, Boutilier and Pansier.

Four Progressives who would have voted with the opposition and thus brought about the defeat of the government. The four were Messrs. Coote, Garland, Spencer and Gardiner.

This is the first occasion since Confederation that a government has been actually defeated in the house on a motion involving non-confidence. On three occasions, however, before the Meighen Government was defeated, it fell on the issue of the right to sit in the house divisions.

Grain Act Amendment

Bill is Discussed at Length in the Senate

Ottawa.—The bill to amend the Grain Act, known as the Campbell Bill, continues along its tortuous way. This bill will give the wheat pool farmers the right to ship their grain through privately-owned, co-operative elevators.

During debate two amendments were proposed. One would provide that the bill will come into force on proclamation of the governor-in-council, and remains in force for a period not exceeding one year from the date of proclamation.

A second amendment, which was rejected, provided that:

"Any grain shall be empowered to be shipped through co-operative elevators, and in case there are more elevators than one at each shipping point, and the owners of such elevators and such pools are unable to agree as to which elevator or elevators the said pool shall purchase, then and in that event, the board of directors of such pool shall be authorized to purchase such pool; and in case the owner, or owners, of such elevators so decided upon, and the pool are unable to agree as to price, terms for the purchase of such elevators, then the price and terms shall be determined by arbitration under the provisions of any act relating to arbitration in force in the province wherein such elevator or elevators is situated."

New Red Lake Strike Reported

Said To Be As Good As Any Yet Discovered

Toronto.—A special dispatch to the Toronto Star from Hudson, reports a big new strike at Red Lake. The report states that this was fanned about the mining camp, and the find is on what is known as the Bill Smith group, a mile east of McKenna Island. Veins are said to have been uncovered as good as any being yet found at Red Lake or vicinity.

The Star says: "A number of average channel samples from this property assayed from \$9 to \$32 per ton for gold, with an equal quantity of silver."

Fenian Raid Veteran Dead
Ottawa.—Lieut. Colonel Archibald McLean, Fenian raid veteran, died at his residence, Westboro, aged 87 years. He was born at Pendleton, Ont., the youngest son of Hugh McLean, a leader of the Hudson's Bay Company and a pioneer of the city of Winnipeg.

Miners Stand Pat
London.—The miners' executive committee, after reviewing the coal situation, determined to stand by their decision to resist any increase in hours or reduction in wages.

Predicts Industrial Activity For Canada

C.N.R. President Advises People To Stay in Dominion

Montreal.—"The United States sent a great railway man to Canada in the person of Lord Shuggenshaw who was one of the greatest empire builders, men having done as much as he did for Canada. If I can make a slight approach to his work I shall not have lived in vain."

So declared Sir Henry Thornton, president of the Canadian National Railway, speaking at a banquet of the American Railway Association here.

Sir Henry made mention of the harmonious existence in Montreal of two great races, and also to the fact that the United States has had no many Canadians, drawn thither by commercial advantages. He warned prospective emigrants, however, that there will be the advantage if they stay at home and are content to look ahead to the future in which home the best of all worlds.

"Things are going to happen in Canada in the next ten years," he stated emphatically, "for Canada is the threshold of great industrial activity."

Austria Confident Of Financial Prosperity

Country Has Had Hard Struggle Since Armistice

Vienna.—War in the Balkans will be the last thing Austria would want to see. We want nothing but to be left in peace. We have no special interests. We seek to recover no lost provinces. We want to live and be useful."

One of the greatest Vienna bankers is speaking. He is a cultured, proud aristocrat of the old days of the dual monarchy when the banks of Vienna were with London, Berlin, Paris, Frankfurt and Munich.

"Austria has struggled hard and far since the armistice," he said. "We have had repeated setbacks and disasters, but we have come back to our task each time and always has it been proven that there are no artificial shortcuts to solvency and to success and prosperity."

The depression followed us throughout last year. Although our unemployment continues to increase, I believe that now we have turned the corner, although we face tremendous difficulties."

Bitter Verbal Clash In British House

Labor M.P. and Secretary of Mines in Dispute

London.—Another turbulent scene in which Joseph Westwood, Labor member for Midlothian and Peebles, threatened personal violence against the secretary of the House of Commons, occurred in the House of Commons when debate was resumed on the government's proposal to allow miners to work eight hours a day instead of seven as at present. Col. Lane-Poole said that he would permit miners to work eight hours a day instead of seven as at present. Col. Lane-Poole said that he would permit miners to work eight hours a day instead of seven as at present.

He thought there had been misconception of what he had said. Westwood had previously threatened to take a boot off and throw it at Col. Lane-Poole. "I cannot get anything else."

The Labor member was deeply moved by a remark which he thought reflected on the courage of his men folk.

Find Ring In Grain Car

Lost Last Fall in Wheat Separator Near Findlater

Regina.—Some time last September on Ed. Dillabough's farm out from Findlater, J. M. Robb, the case Co. representative, lost a ring while examining the wheat in the separator. The other day E. J. Topping received the following from the N. M. Patterson Grain Co. Winnipeg:

"Dear Sir:—We are today in receipt of a wire from Mr. Graves at Fort William advising that they found a Masonic ring, No. 34519 which was missing by you from Findlater. Do you know anything about it? If you do communicate direct with him at Fort William, care of the N. M. Patterson Co."

A few days later the ring was back to the owner.

Cow Breaks Milk Records
Montreal.—The Canadian Dairy Breeds Association announced that Nellie Osborne, of Elm Shade, owned by W. C. Wylie, Glen Elm Farm, Howick, Que., has broken all former records in milk and fat production, in an official test of 352 days she produced 21,221 pounds of milk and 3,000 pounds butter fat, which far surpassed the production of any other cow of the breed.

Is Again Premier

Calgary, Premier J. E. Brown has been returned to power at the head of the United Farmers of Alberta. He will have an undisputed majority in the legislature. Liberals will probably retain their numerical strength. The Conservative party made a gain of three seats. Two Labor members and possibly a third, pending to support the government, were elected.

Additional returns came slowly to day and tonight due to the arduous task of counting the preferences under the proportional representation system. In quite a few cases several days will elapse before elections can be definitely declared.

Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, who has been called upon to form a new government at Ottawa.

Is Appointed Manager
E. G. Hingray is the new manager of the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool.

Regina.—Appointment of E. G. Hingray, secretary-manager of the Saskatchewan Municipal Hall Insurance Association, as manager of the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool, was officially announced by the reorganization of the Wheat Pool and Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company's executives.

Donald MacLachlan, who has been joint manager of the Wheat Pool and the Pool Elevators Ltd., is appointed to the position of manager of the reorganized pool elevators, while S. G. Lowthian, treasurer of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company, becomes treasurer of the Wheat Pool.

Would Colonize Russia
American Jews Give Ukraine Preference Over Palestine

Riga, Latvia.—A large majority of American Jews are in favor of the American Government recognizing Soviet Russia, according to Dr. Joseph Rosen, director of the American Joint Distribution Committee, which has collected \$20,000,000 in the United States to colonize Jews on farm land in the Ukraine.

In an interview published in the Leningrad Krasnaya Gazette, Dr. Rosen says that a few Jewish socialists and democratic parties, such as the Jewish Labor Workers and a few of the Jewish labor unions oppose recognition of Soviet Russia.

The Hon. Mr. Jewry, chairman of Dr. Rosen, has decided it is better to assist the Russian plan for colonizing Jews in the Ukraine district, averting future pogroms, instead of helping Palestine at present. Of the 3,000,000 Jews in Russia, he estimates that more than 1,000,000 are unable to earn a living. He says that the colonization plan was voted preference over the Palestine project by a meeting of the American Jews in New York.

A TEMPORARY CABINET FOR NEW GOVERNMENT

Ottawa.—Acceptance by Right Hon. Arthur Meighen of the post of prime minister, formation by him of a temporary ministry composed of several members without portfolio, and the announcement that the cabinet will be formed in the near future, are the main features of the news of the day.

From the treasury benches to the right of the speaker, Sir Henry read his statement to the crowded house and galleries.

The temporary appointments was received with some jeers by the Liberal opposition, while Conservative cheerers applauded the move. The ministers who will constitute the temporary ministry were:

Sir Henry Drayton, finance department; Hon. R. J. Manion, department of health, soldier's civil re-establishment, coast, immigration and labor; Sir George Perley, department of agriculture and public works; Hon. H. H. Stevens, commerce, Indian affairs, agriculture, trade and commerce.

Hon. Hugh Guthrie, justice, national defence.

Hon. W. A. Black, department of marine and fisheries.

Mr. Meighen assumes the portfolio of secretary of state for external affairs and president of the privy council.

Sir George Perley, the statement said, will have charge of matters affecting these departments during Mr. Meighen's absence from the house.

To Carry Canada's Products Abroad
The new freighter S.S. "Calneak," just launched at Sunderland, England, is one of the two new sister vessels specially designed for the Calneak-Thomson line service between the northeast coast of Great Britain and Canada.

The carriage of perishable foodstuffs from this country to Great Britain is a most important function of this service. The "Calneak's" equipment embodies the most modern facilities for refrigeration, ventilation and carriage of perishable goods.

FARMERS' PARTY OF ALBERTA TO REMAIN IN POWER

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Young Englishmen Coming To Canada

Have Taken Six Months Training In Agricultural Work

London.—Sixty-six single young men who have undergone six months training in agricultural work at the ministry of labor's training centers at Brandon and Clayton in the West, left for Canada last night for the Congress of France. They will proceed to Winnipeg where they will be placed on selected farms.

Planned To Shoot Mussolini
Rome.—Tito Zaniboni, former Socialist deputy, has confessed that he planned to shoot Premier Mussolini, according to a report of the attorney-general's investigation of the case, made public here.

Invited October 1 last, armed with a rifle, in an hotel room overlooking the balcony of the Chigi Palace from which the premier was to deliver an address.

The country of Tibbet is reported to have only one motor vehicle, which is a motorcycle.

Rural Credits Bill

Has Passed Senate With A Few Amendments

Ottawa.—Rural credits passed the senate with amendments. The measure, sponsored by the Mackenzie King Government, now goes back to the commons for the concurrence of that chamber in the amendments which the upper chamber has made in it.

The two principal changes made were the removal of the limitation of one per cent. for expenses and leaving the amount in the judgment of the board, and placing responsibility for all expenses incurred in a province on the province in which they were incurred.

Senator W. B. Ross, Conservative leader, had moved at an earlier stage that "the act should not come into force until the majority of the provincial legislatures had by legislative enactments stipulated their intention of participating in this scheme."

He said the bill was not needed, as the provinces which had already rural credits were making profits. Senator Schaffner said that to make it compulsory to have five provinces in the scheme before it became operative was a good way to kill it.

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The bill was for all Canada while it was primarily to help western farmers. The time might come when the east would need such a law.

Weather Prediction
Not Fulfilled
"Summaries" Forecasts All Wrong Says Sir Frederick Stupart

Toronto.—Predictions that 1926 would be a "summerless year" have so far not been fulfilled. This prediction was made by H. J. Brown, one of the meteorologists of Washington, but full April was unusually cold, but May was somewhat above the average temperature. June was a little colder than the average, but not much. This information was given by Sir Frederick Stupart, director of the Dominion Observatory, here, and weather forecaster for the Dominion.

Sir Frederick was not worried about the report that this would be a "summerless year" in such a way as to cause people to lose their money. He said that the weather prospects for long periods of time are not so certain as they are in the future.

British Comment
London Times On the Resignation of the King Government

London.—The London Times, commenting on the result of the resignation of the King Government in Canada, states that the agitation debate it spread thus far reports indicated. It extended as far as the East Indies, heavy shocks being experienced in the islands of the East Indies.

Thus far the reports do not indicate any serious casualties in Crete, which appears to be a purely local disturbance, nobody was killed and only a few were injured.

Advices received from Rome indicate that the island of Rhodes, which under Italian sovereignty, suffered very heavy shocks, numerous villages being partially wrecked, and thousands of small houses razed, but even there the loss of life or injury to the inhabitants seems to have been slight.

FOR CLEAN-UP OF CUSTOMS FROM COAST TO COAST

Ottawa.—"The farmers party stands for a complete clean-up of the customs from coast to coast," said Miss Agnes McPhail to the Canadian Press.

The present inquiry has been confined to only two ports and has but scratched the surface. It must be extended from coast to coast and be complete, without fear or favor, and irrespective of where the chips fall.

There should be a judicial inquiry into the customs and into the customs in the house—that is to say, one judge should be nominated by the Liberal and Conservative and one by the Independent groups. This commission should proceed to work immediately after adjournment of parliament and parliament should not meet again until the report is complete, whether it takes six or eight months.

That parliament will be in a position to consider the whole question on its merits; there will be no shuffling of higher-ups, to whatever party they belong, and the general result will be a clean-up of political life in Canada of lasting benefit.

MEIGHEN DEFENDS THE ACTION OF GOV. GENERAL

Ottawa.—Declaring that "the attack pronounced by you, under the action of the late prime minister should not to pass unnoticed," Right Hon. Arthur Meighen, prime minister, issued today his statement in refuting the action of His Excellency the Governor-General in refusing dissolution to the King Government.

Mr. Meighen states that when a prime minister, having asked and obtained dissolution, but failing to obtain a vote of confidence, it is not a majority, continues in office, he is not entitled to demand a second dissolution merely because he is unable to command a majority in the House of Commons.

"More emphatically it is true that in the class of cases stated above, if an action of confidence, however, a government is not entitled to dissolution while a motion of confidence is pending, that government is under no obligation to demand a second dissolution merely because he is unable to command a majority in the House of Commons."

"A dissolution very manifestly should not be granted when its effect is to avoid a vote of confidence. This was precisely the case in the present instance."

The text of the statement follows: "While it is highly undesirable that a controversy should arise with regard to the conduct of the government, it is equally undesirable that the action of the late prime minister should not to pass unnoticed. A responsible consideration of the fact that the government, by virtue of his office as himself minister, in defence, warrants surely a vote on his behalf."

"There are several classes of cases in which the crown must exercise discretion in granting or refusing the advice of a prime minister asking for an appeal to the people. In one class to which attention need be directed at the moment is that in which the prime minister, having asked for and obtained dissolution, has failed to secure a majority. It is in this class of cases that the prime minister continuing in office is not entitled, during the ordinary course of business, to demand a second dissolution merely on the ground that he is unable to command a majority in the House of Commons."

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Great Damage Is Caused By Earthquake

Most of Countries Bordering On Eastern Mediterranean Effected

London.—The great earthquake which embraced Italy and most of the countries bordering on the Eastern Mediterranean, has much more widespread than first reports indicated. It extended as far as the East Indies, heavy shocks being experienced in the islands of the East Indies.

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Blaze At Swift Current

Big Departmental Store Sustains A Heavy Loss

Swift Current, Sask.—Starting in the hardware department of W. W. Coopers departmental store, caused a loss estimated at \$200,000, partly covered by insurance, and for a time threatened to destroy the business section of the city.

One building, the Cooper Block, is a mass of ruins, and the adjoining structure, known as the Bertin Block, is badly damaged, stores below being destroyed, while many glass windows across the street were broken. Following a hectic four-hour fight by firemen, the blaze was brought under control.

Victoria, B.C.—There will be no aerial contest of Northern British Columbia fisheries this year, according to word received at the provincial fisheries department from federal officials.

Canada Occupies Foremost Place In Seed Improvement And In Handling Registered Seed

Canada produced a considerably larger quantity of registered seed of the principal farm plants in 1925 than in any previous year, according to a report just issued by Mr. Peter Stewart, secretary of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association. It grew 40,000 bushels more registered seed than last year than in 1921, eight thousand bushels more of seed barley and seven thousand bushels more of registered sweet clover seed. Increased production and ready sale of such seed, according to Mr. Stewart, indicates a growing appreciation of its qualities by farmers in Canada and in other countries.

A great deal of attention is given in this country to the provision of good seed for the farmer. Plant breeding is carried on by experts at agricultural colleges and experimental stations maintained by the Dominion and the provincial governments. It is also practiced by a number of individual growers who, according to Mr. J. H. Newcomb, the Dominion controller of seed, are tributary very materially to the improvement of the varieties of cereals and other farm plants commonly grown in Canada. The object of the plant breeding operations is to evolve varieties of grains, vegetables and other crops that are suitable for cultivation under particular conditions of climate and soil, and that will measure up to certain standards of quality and quantity of yield. For example, the breeding of various strains of wheat has been prosecuted for a number of years at Dominion experimental farms to furnish varieties that will stand certain degree of frost and survive a certain period of drought, that will produce a large yield of grain of good milling and baking quality. As everywhere in Canada, knowledge, this cross-breeding of wheat has had results of great value to the farmer and the consumer at large. Allied with the experts who evolve new varieties of plants are growers who multiply the seed of these varieties and supply it to the farmers. Many of these men whose business is to furnish good seed for the farmers are enrolled in the Canadian Seed Growers' Association, and in kindred organizations established in the various provinces. These men do work of great importance to the farmer in the Dominion.

Mr. Stewart, the Dominion controller of seed, has said that "among the many of the world," Canada occupies a foremost place in regard to the organization both for systematic seed improvement and for the handling of the highest quality seed in commercial quantities under efficient control." These are indications that that fact is reflected outside the Dominion. March wheat, originally evolved in Canada, is grown throughout a large part of the hard wheat area of the United States. Last year, a big seed of Canadian registered seed wheat was shipped to Argentina to be planted by farmers there. Last year, too, the secretary of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association says, practically all of the supply of western-grown Canadian registered alfalfa seed was bought up by farmers of the middle-west section of the United States, who paid a considerable premium over the price of home-grown alfalfa seed plus a customs duty of four cents a pound. The Mail and Empire.

Dairy Industry Expanding

In Few Years Manitoba Has Built Up Wonderful Business

Manitoba's dairy industry continues to expand. Starting with almost nothing 20 years ago, the provincial dairy production of 1925 reached nearly \$11,000,000. The province won 41 per cent of butter first prizes in 1922 and 31 per cent of the total dairy prizes. The first export of butter was made in 1912 with a value of \$100,000. Last year it was \$15,000,000 to Eastern Canada and the British Isles.

Planting

A seed company received from one man fifteen applications for free samples of their pea seeds, and when the fourth request arrived the manager declared it was time he did something.

"Dear Sir: I am sending you the seeds as requested, but why are you doing with so much? Are you planting your whole suburb with peas?"

A few days later he received a reply.

"No," it ran, "I am not planting them at all. My wife uses them for soup."

Bright Outlook

Hubbard can't understand why wife ever complains about anything, when she has his coming home in the evening to look forward to.

W. N. 1, 1926

Natural Resources Bulletin

A Fertilizer That Draws Moisture From the Air

The natural resources intelligence service of the department of the interior at Ottawa, says:

A fertilizer that would draw moisture from the air in quantities sufficient to carry crops through a period of drought would be an amazing boon to agriculture in many districts of the world. Recent experiments indicate that such a substance does exist in the form of anhydride, a sulphate of calcium or, as it is sometimes popularly called, "land plaster."

Anhydride is closely related to gypsum and where found in Canada is associated with gypsum deposits. Its use for water is well known, but the application of this principle to agriculture is something that is not so well established.

Anhydride is acted on by moisture in the air to form gypsum and it is this action in drawing the water content of the atmosphere that offers the interesting possibilities, where properly used, in the interests of scientific agriculture. To indicate the relative large quantities of water use that material will use it may be stated that 100 parts of water, at 66 deg. F., dissolve only 0.2 part of anhydride. The fact that Canada has large deposits of the gypsum beds prominently in the west, and that the ability were formed as the result of the evaporation of sea water enclosed in a series of partly or wholly landlocked basins, which took the place of a once continuous and widespread sea. In some localities the gypsum beds have a thickness of 200 feet or more and are underlain by strata of an unknown depth, which, in at least one case, exceeds 140 feet. Anhydride is also found in the salt mines of Austria, Hungary, in the Harz Mountains of Germany and, to some extent, in the United States. It is a hard white or colorless crystalline substance, crystalline in structure but sometimes crystalline and similar in its physical properties to marble.

The economic value of anhydride has never been thoroughly established, but the present time suggests that it may have an outlet that ultimately may reach very considerable proportions. At the present time the gypsum is being shipped from Walton, Nova Scotia, to the Virgin Islands. It is used with success as a dressing for the soil.

Ground gypsum and anhydride are considered very beneficial on heavy soils and on crops of a leguminous character. It acts indirectly as a fertilizer by reacting with the alkalies of the soil, thus liberating them as plant food. It has also been used to great advantage, according to Mr. J. P. McNevery, deputy inspector of mines for Nova Scotia, around stables or manure piles, where it acts as a disinfectant and also retains the ammonia, the great source of which is otherwise lost from the manure.

The Nova Scotia department of mines draws attention to this interesting material in its last report, when it says:

"As a fertilizer it may be applied to the soil in drills or in hills, or sowed broadcast in quantities from 200 to 500 pounds to the acre. It has an affinity for water and draws moisture from the atmosphere, and keeps it in the soil where the roots of the small plants have a constant supply. The use of gypsum in the soil may, during a drought, draw enough moisture from the atmosphere to save a crop."

Dr. Dawson, in his supplement to Canadian Geology, in speaking of anhydride, writes "for land it may be regarded as more valuable than the hydrous variety (i.e. gypsum), as wanting the water which amounts to about 20 per cent of the weight of the latter."

Industries representing more than 50 per cent of the gross product of the Dominion have been included in a unanimous resolution urging the United States bureau of mines to undertake the utilization of this material, the possibilities of which are little understood.

Should a widespread demand arise for this material as a fertilizer, it would mean a great expansion of the gypsum industries of the Maritime Provinces.

Scientists Study Poultry Problems

Twenty-five years ago it was beneath the dignity of scientists to work on the problems of poultry. Today they are working on diseases, nutrition, genetics, etc., and many world famous scientists and investigators will be at the meeting of the World's Poultry Congress, July 27, to August 1, 1927, attending the World's Poultry Congress.

Immigration To Canada

Good Percentage of Settlers Coming From Britain and United States

A sharp increase in immigration to Canada in April, 1926, over April, 1925, shown in an official statement recently issued by the Canadian government department of immigration and colonization. The total immigration for April amounted to 37,452 compared with 19,574 for April a year ago. In April, British immigration amounted to 7,897; immigration from the United States, 2,907; and from other sources, 7,858.

Of the total immigration in April, 19,258 belonged to the farming class, 700 were laborers, and 1,412 female domestic servants. A total of 6,318 Canadians were recorded as returning from the United States in April after having entered that country with the intention of remaining there permanently and who now declare their intention of permanently residing in Canada.

Alberta's Striking Growth

Sunshine Province Shows Remarkable Progress In Last Twenty Years

Alberta's progress during the period of twenty years is a striking example of the growth of the province, and especially of the Sunshine Province, as follows: agricultural production from \$25,000,000 to \$25,000,000. Wheat production from 2 millions to 103 million bushels. Area of all crops from 616,000 to 1,000,000 acres. Dairy products from 1,000,000 to \$25,000,000. Coal production from \$25,000 to \$25,000,000. Manufactures from nearly \$5,000,000 to \$25,000,000. 1,000 miles of railway have been increased to 4,500 and from 220,000 to 4,000.

More Money In Butter

Cream Yields a Little But Butter Is Better

Recently Mr. Allen Haley, of Nanton, Man., received the returns from four gallons of fresh cream she had previously shipped to a local dairy. The cheque was for \$2.52. For an experiment, immediately on receipt of the cheque she made sixteen pounds of butter with four gallons of cream. She sold the butter at 40c a pound, or a total of \$6.40. She made, thus \$3.88 more with the same amount of cream.

Cultivation Of Corn

Cultivation Should Begin As Soon As The Corn Is Planted

Last year in Southern Saskatchewan approximately seventy thousand acres of corn were grown, states W. H. Gibb, superintendent of Indian Head experimental farm, in a circular just issued, and corn is rapidly developing into one of the most important forage crops. Corn is also recommended as a valuable summerfallow substitute and when compared with other crops at Indian Head in this respect corn has given higher yields the succeeding year than any other crop.

Corn used as a summerfallow substitute is usually sown with a corn planter in check rows to assist in the cultivation of it, but where one has no planter very good success may be had by sowing with the ordinary grain drill. Cultivation should begin as soon as the corn is planted and continued until it is about six inches high. Harvest every week over this period and millions of small weeds will be destroyed and little if any damage done to the corn. After the corn is too high for harrowing, a cultivator must be used, either the regular corn cultivator or the small grain one will be suitable until the corn stands the ground well, which will be when it is from three to three and a half feet high. Corn as an intertilled crop controls weeds, reduces the cost of growing grain crops, and provides abundant food for livestock production.

Safeguarding The Forests

Smoking In National Forests of Montana Strictly Forbidden

All smoking has been forbidden in the Kootenai national forest, Montana, as a safeguard against forest fires which recently have been increasing. If the regulation appears drastic it might be well to remember that the forest service has been trying for years to educate us not to be careless with fire in the woods, and apparently we have as yet not learned this first lesson in woodcraft.—Buffalo Courier and Express.

Teakwood is so durable that beams 2,000 years old are still strong.

New Vessel Is Chartered By Government For Annual Patrol Of Arctic Archipelago

Canada's Wheat Production

Will Reach Billion Bushels Annually Within Ten Years Is Predicted

The five-year average for the other principal wheat growing countries is Argentina 13.2 bushels, British India 11.3, Australia 11.7. The bulletin predicts that within 10 years, with the settlement of the Dominion's vast western agricultural land, Canada's wheat production will reach a billion bushels annually.

New Paving Material

Experiments How Being Made With Chips and Sawdust

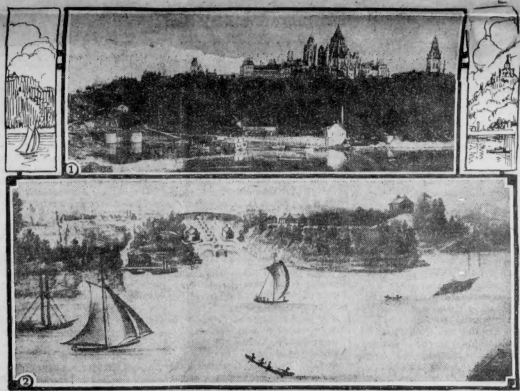
Sawdust and wood chips are among the paving materials with which experiments are being made, says "Science Staffings." The wood is first treated with creosote, and then submitted to pressure, and tests already made are said to have given a floor suitable for medium traffic from a mixture nine parts of sawdust to one of Portland cement. In concrete pavements, great advantages for cement concrete is reported to have followed giving the wood or sawdust a preliminary washing with cold soap and water, and then with a thin solution of silicate of soda.

Johnnie, when asked by his people to define "defect," said: "A defect is what you've got when you haven't as much as if you had just nothing."

"Have you wondered about your husband's name?"

"Yes, ma! I wish I all I can do taking care of his present and worrying about his future."

Choice of Dominion Capital To Be Celebrated



1. Entrance to Rideau Canal to Ottawa River before the destroyed Parliament Buildings. 2. Old entrance to Rideau Canal. 3. Time of opening of Canal, 1826. 4. The construction of the Rideau Canal.

In the late summer of 1826, Lieutenant-Colonel John By, of the Royal Engineers, selected the spot where the Rideau Canal should enter the Ottawa River, and in so doing settled the site what afterwards became the capital of the Dominion of Canada. The centenary of this event is being marked this coming August, by a celebration which is expected to be of national character. The Dominion Government has already indicated its intention, not only of taking part, but of dignifying the occasion by extension of its works for the beautification of the capital. The celebration will include the historical phases of the development of the city and will draw from the western plains a spectacular "diapause" as illustrative of one of the historical phases of the development of that broad section of the Dominion.

In making his journey up the Ottawa, Colonel By was not planning for the capital of a Dominion, but striving to strengthen the defenses of one of the British colonies. The stage of the development of the city, and the building of the canal to connect the St. Lawrence and the Ottawa Rivers, 156 miles in length, through uninhabited territory, was a feat of the development of the country, and its builder as an engineer of high rank.

The coming of railways has opened it and rendered it practically useless as a carrier of traffic, but it rendered valuable service in earlier years, when the settlement of the province of Ontario, both east and west.

Three years after Bytown became Ottawa, it was chosen as the capital of the old province of Canada.

The centenary celebration this summer will last two weeks, from August 16 to 28. The first week—August 16 to 21—will be devoted particularly to the centenary programme, which will include an historical pageant illustrating outstanding periods and events in the history of the Dominion. During the same period the Edmonton Stampede will give a daily programme; while arrangements are also being made for holding the Windsor International Polo and Boat races for two days of the week. Plans are not fully completed for the celebration, but among other proposals under consideration are the erection of a monument to Colonel By. The Dominion Government is also proposing plans for the extension of the Driveway which is such an attractive feature of the city.

Saskatchewan Dairy Industry

Eleven New Creamery Plants Have Been Established This Year

Establishment of 11 new creamery plants in Saskatchewan to date this year in addition to replacements of old creameries sets a record not equaled since the dairy industry began in the province. New manufacturing plants have been opened at Regina, Moose Jaw, (3), Swift Current, Melville, York, Parkdale, Abers and Kelvington.

P. E. Reed, dairy commissioner for Saskatchewan, stated that there was room for doubt as to whether such a big increase in the number of creamery manufacturing plants was altogether justified by the present volume of production, but if production was stimulated sufficiently to take care of the added overhead the industry as a whole would be benefited.

John Bull and France

Not only is it unfair that a heavy subsidy is given to the British taxpayer should continue to be paid by the British taxpayer in the form of interest on the French debt, it is also most unnecessary that, at a time when France makes such a large claim on our financial consideration, she should have increased against British goods a tariff which was already as exceptionally high—London Chronicle.

After marriage some women are as careless about their looks as men are about their actions.

Don't envy your neighbor's luck; envy his pluck, if anything.

